

Technical documentation

Product name: qRE Humulus lupulus L., female inflorescences

Substance: Humulus lupulus L., female inflorescences dry extract

Plant source common names: en: Hops; fr: Houblon

Reference: E0069

Packaging: 100 mg in a 1.5 ml borosilicate amber vial

Storage conditions: Keep container closed. Protect from light and moisture.

Keep inferior to -15 °C.

Retest: 12 months

Botanical identification of plant source

Plants in our botanical garden are identified and a herbal voucher is prepared by an expert botanist. Each batch collected for extraction is verified and identified.

Reference: Flora Europaea, Cambridge University Press, 1993, Vol 1, p 67

Method of production of dry extract

Whole plant or plant parts are collected, freeze-dried and coarsely ground. Extraction is performed by maceration in 50 % (v/v) aqueous ethanol for 48 hours at room temperature. Ethanol is then evaporated under reduced pressure at less than 40 °C and the aqueous residue is freeze-dried.

Organoleptic characteristics of dry extract

Colour: Light brown Odour: Characteristic Form: Fine powder

Recommended methods for use

Weight a precise weight of qRE and solubilise in the recommended solvent at the concentration indicated in the HPLC or HPTLC method described in this document.

Sonicate for 90 seconds (70 W). Filter on a 0.45 μ m PVDF membrane and put the resulting solution into HPLC dispenser or apply on the HPTLC plate.

Dose and analyse your extract with qRExtract using the HPLC / HPTLC methods described in this document or using your own methods.



HPTLC

Detection of rutin and isoquercitrin

Layer: 10 × 10 cm HPTLC Nano-Sil-20 UV 254 (Carl Roth ref. N084.1)

Thin layer conditionnement: 1 h at room temperature and 33 % relative humidity

Elution solvent: Elution solvent compound Volume (ml)

Liution solvent compound	volume (mi
ethyl acetate	15
formic acid	1
H ₂ O	1

Developing distance: 70 mm from the lower edge

Initial spot volume and concentration:

rutin: 1 μ l of a 0.1 % (w/v) solution in methanol

qRE: 10 μ l of a 1.1 % (w/v) solution in 50 % (v/v) aqueous ethanol isoquercitrin: 1.5 μ l of a 0.08 % (w/v) solution in 50 % (v/v) aqueous ethanol

Reagent mixture: Natural products - polyethylene glycol reagent (NP/PEG)

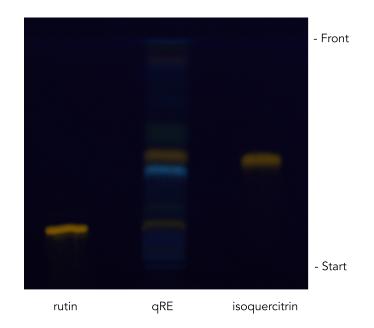
Preparation: Dissolve 0.25 g of diphenylboric acid 2-aminoethylester and

1.25 g of polyethylene glycol 400 in 25 mL of methanol.

Dip the plate in the reagent mixture and dry for 15 minutes at room

temperature.

Expose to UV light at 365 nm.





HPLC

Precolumn: Ascentis® Express C18 0.5 cm \times 3.0 mm 2.7 μ m Column: Ascentis® Express C18 15 cm \times 3.0 mm 2.7 μ m

Sample: 8 μ l 2.48 % qRE (w/v) solution in 50 % (v/v) aqueous ethanol

Flow: 0.45 ml/min

Temperature: 25 °C

Mobile phase: A: 0.1 % formic acid (v/v) in water

B: 0.1 % formic acid (v/v) in acetonitrile

Detection: Diode Array Detector, 350 nm

Gradient:

lime (mn)	A %	<u> </u>
0	97	3
38	77	23
63	47	53
76	0	100
81	0	100

Quantified substances

Compound	CAS No	2D Structure	Peak No
Rutin	153-18-4	HO OH OH HO OH OH OH OH OH OH OH OH OH	1
Isoquercitrin	482-35-9	HO OH OH OH	2
Unknown	NA	NA	3, 5
Astragalin	480-10-4	HO OH OH OH	4



Compound	CAS No	2D Structure	Peak No
Xanthohumol	6754-58-1	OH O OH	6
Adhumulone	31769-65-0	HO O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	7